

CRITICAL POINTS OF A MEAN FIELD TYPE FUNCTIONAL ON A CLOSED RIEMANN SURFACE

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ABSTRACT. Let (Σ, g) be a closed Riemann surface and $H^1(\Sigma)$ be the usual Sobolev space. For any real number ρ , we define a generalized mean field type functional $J_{\rho, \phi}: H^1(\Sigma) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ by

$$J_{\rho, \phi}(u) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\int_{\Sigma} |\nabla_g u|^2 dv_g + \int_{\Sigma} \phi(u - \bar{u}) dv_g \right) - \rho \ln \int_{\Sigma} h e^{u - \bar{u}} dv_g,$$

where $h: \Sigma \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is a smooth positive function, $\phi: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is a smooth one-variable function and $\bar{u} = \int_{\Sigma} u dv_g / |\Sigma|$. If $\rho \in (8k\pi, 8(k+1)\pi)$ ($k \in \mathbb{N}^*$), ϕ satisfies $|\phi(t)| \leq C(|t|^p + 1)$ ($1 < p < 2$) and $|\phi'(t)| \leq C(|t|^{p-1} + 1)$ for some constant C , then we get critical points of $J_{\rho, \phi}$ by adapting min-max schemes of Ding, Jost, Li and Wang [13], Djadli [14] and Malchiodi [22].

1. Introduction

Let (Σ, g) be a closed Riemann surface and Δ_g be the Laplace–Beltrami operator. The mean field equation is known as

$$(1.1) \quad \Delta_g u = \rho \left(\frac{h e^u}{\int_{\Sigma} h e^u dv_g} - \frac{1}{|\Sigma|} \right),$$

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