

## POINTWISE ESTIMATES IN THE FILIPPOV LEMMA AND FILIPPOV–WAŻEWSKI THEOREM FOR FOURTH ORDER DIFFERENTIAL INCLUSIONS

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ABSTRACT. In this work we give a generalization of the Filippov–Ważewski Theorem to the fourth order differential inclusions in a separable complex Banach space  $\mathbb{X}$

$$\mathcal{D}y = y'''' - (A^2 + B^2)y'' + A^2B^2y \in F(t, y),$$

with the initial conditions in  $c \in [0, T]$

$$(0.1) \quad y(c) = \alpha, \quad y'(c) = \beta, \quad y''(c) = \gamma, \quad y'''(c) = \delta,$$

We assume that the multifunction  $F : [0, T] \times \mathbb{X} \rightsquigarrow c(\mathbb{X})$  is Lipschitz continuous in  $y$  with the integrable Lipschitz constant  $l(\cdot)$ , while  $A^2, B^2 \in B(\mathbb{X})$  are the infinitesimal generators of two cosine families of operators. The main result is the following version of Filippov Lemma:

THEOREM. Let  $y_0 \in W^{4,1} = W^{4,1}([0, T], \mathbb{X})$  be such function with (0.1) that

$$\text{dist}(\mathcal{D}y_0(t), F(t, y_0(t))) \leq p_0(t) \quad \text{a.e. in } [c, d] \subset [0, T],$$

where  $p_0 \in L^1[0, T]$ . Then there are  $\sigma_0$  (depending on  $p_0$ ) and  $\varphi$  such that for each  $\varepsilon > 0$  there exists a solution  $y \in W^{4,1}$  of the above problem such that almost everywhere in  $t \in [c, d]$  we have  $|\mathcal{D}y(t) - \mathcal{D}y_0(t)| \leq \sigma_0(t)$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} |y(t) - y_0(t)| &\leq (\varphi *_c \sigma_0)(t), & |y'(t) - y'_0(t)| &\leq (\varphi' *_c \sigma_0)(t), \\ |y''(t) - y''_0(t)| &\leq (\varphi'' *_c \sigma_0)(t) & |y'''(t) - y'''_0(t)| &\leq (\varphi''' *_c \sigma_0)(t), \end{aligned}$$

where  $*_c$  stands for the convolution started at  $c$ .

Our estimates are constructive and more precise than those in the known versions of Filippov Lemma.

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